

# 10 What is My Name?



Look at the pictures, read the clues and name the animals using the words given in the help box.

1. I am a bird with the longest beak. I also have a big pouch under my beak.

PELICAN



2. I am a marsupial. I live in Australia and can jump up to 30 feet in air.

RED KANGAROO



3. I am also an Australian marsupial. I live by eating only the leaves of the eucalyptus tree.

KOALA



4. I am a black and white bear like animal found only in China. I mostly eat bamboo shoots.

GIANT PANDA



5. I am the largest butterfly in the world. I can grow as large as your pencil box.

QUEEN ALEXANDRA'S BIRDWING



6. I am the longest venomous snake in the world. I can grow up to 18 feet long.

KING COBRA



## Let Me Help You

Giant Panda, Red Kangaroo, Pelican, Koala, Queen Alexandra's Birdwing, King Cobra



# 11 More About Animals

Tick (✓) the correct answer.

1. Why are cats able to see in the dark?

- a. Because a cat's pupils become bigger in dim light. ✓
- b. Because they have green eyes.



2. Why is a fly able to crawl upside down?

- a. Because it is very light.
- b. Because it has sticky pads on its feet. ✓



3. Why do crocodiles lie in the Sun?

- a. Crocodiles are afraid of dark.
- b. Crocodiles need the Sun's heat to regulate their body temperature. ✓



4. When does an octopus spray purple ink?

- a. When it is in danger. ✓
- b. When it is hungry.



5. How do common house lizards climb walls?

- a. They have suction disks on their toes that help them to cling to the walls and ceilings. ✓
- b. They have glue on their feet.



6. What are the elephant's tusks made of?

- a. Ivory ✓
- b. Bones

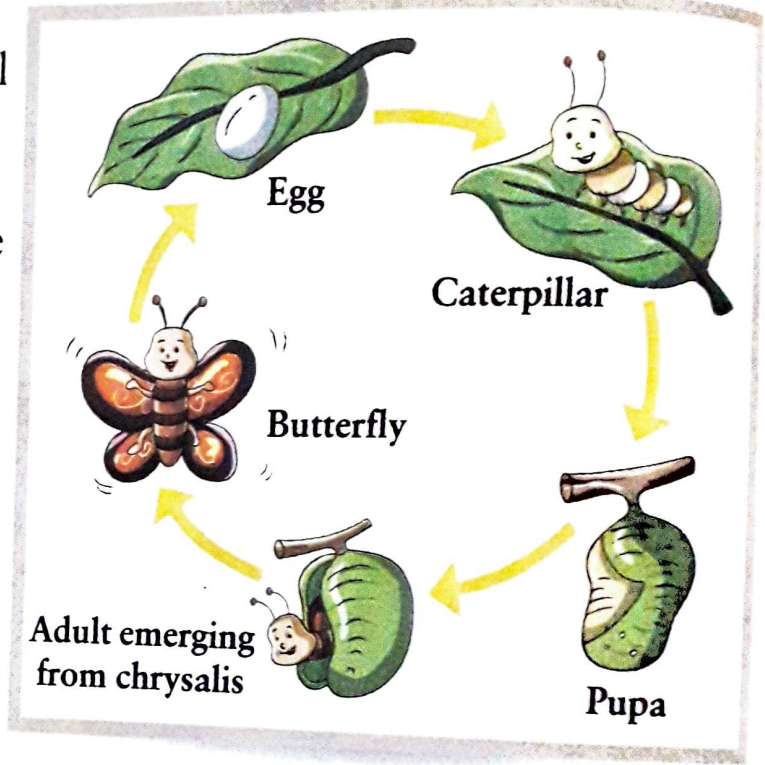




# 12 Life Cycle of a Butterfly

Butterflies are beautiful flying insects. They have six legs and four scaly wings. They pass through four main stages in their life cycle.

1. Tiny **eggs** are laid by the butterfly on a leaf. In around 4-5 days a small worm (caterpillar) hatches from an egg.
2. The **caterpillar** (or larva) stage is the active stage when the larva eats the leaves and grows fully.
3. The **pupa** stage is the resting stage when the caterpillar spins a cocoon around its body and fastens itself to a twig with silk threads.
4. In the next stage, the **butterfly** comes out of the chrysalis and transforms into an adult.



Write whether the following statements are 'True' or 'False'.

1. The caterpillar stage is the resting stage.
2. Butterflies have six legs and four wings.
3. A butterfly's life cycle has two main stages.
4. The caterpillar spins a cocoon in the resting stage.
5. The pupa stage comes after the adult stage.
6. Tiny eggs of a butterfly hatch into small worms.

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## KNOW TO GROW

- A butterfly can lay up to 500 eggs at a time. It can fly between 8 to 50 km in an hour.
- The average life span of a butterfly is 4 to 6 weeks.
- The people who study butterflies are called **Lepidopterists**.





# 13 Birds that do not Fly

Some birds cannot fly. They are called flightless birds. Can you recognise the following flightless birds? Unscramble their names and write in the blanks.

1. This is a large flightless bird of Africa. It is the largest living bird and lays the largest egg. It also runs the fastest among birds.

OSTRICH (SOTCHIR)



2. This large bird is found in Australia. It can also run very fast and can even swim in water.

EMU (UME)



3. This small shy bird is a national symbol of New Zealand. It has its nostrils located at the end of its long beak.

KIWI (KWII)



4. This is a large flightless bird native to South America. Its wings are large and they spread out to act as sails when it runs.

RHEA (ERHA)



5. These birds are found in Antarctica. They are highly adapted for life in water and their wings work as flippers while they swim.

PENGUINS (GPNEIUSN)



## KNOW TO GROW

Flightless birds cannot fly because they do not have the special flight feathers. They also do not have the large muscles needed for flying.