

CLASS-4TH

SUBJECT-SOCIAL STUDIES

CHAPTER-2

India: The Great Himalayas

B. Answer the following questions briefly.

Ques1. Name the North eastern Hills of the Himalayan mountains.

Ans1. The North eastern Hills of the Himalayan mountains are

- Jaintia
- Garo
- Khasi
- Naga
- Mizo
- Lushai

Ques2. Mention the major rivers of the Himalayan mountains.

Ans2. The major rivers of the Himalayan mountains are

- Indus
- Ganga
- Yamuna
- Satluj
- Kosi
- Brahmaputra

Ques3. Name any five tourist places located in the Himalayas.

Ans3. Five tourist places located in the Himalayas are

- Mussoorie
- Kedarnath
- Gulmarg
- Ladakh
- Shimla

Ques4. Name the capitals of Jammu and Kashmir and Nagaland.

Ans4. Capital of Jammu and Kashmir is Srinagar (May to October) and Jammu (November to April)

Capital of Nagaland is Kohima.

Ques5. What does Meghalaya mean?

Ans5. Meghalaya means abode of clouds.

C. Short answer type questions.

Ques1. What is the significance of the Northern Mountains?

Ans1. The significance of the northern mountains is

- They guard our northern borders.
- Passes and gaps in the mountains help in crossing them.
- They protect us from the very cold winds blowing from the North.
- They check the monsoons coming from South and cause heavy rainfall.

Ques2. Give a short note about the people, who reached at the top of the Mount Everest.

Ans2. The Mount Everest has always challenged and attracted men and women. Many of them tried to reach the top of this mountain. Tenzing norgay of Nepal and Edmund Hillary of New Zealand reached the top of Mount Everest in 1953. Bachendri Pal, was the first Indian woman to climb this peak in 1984.

Ques3. What do you know about the Himalayan mountain ranges?

Ans3. Himalayan mountains are the highest mountains and have many parallel ranges. These ranges are divided into three parts

- Great Himalayas (Himadri)
- Middle Himalayas (Himachal)
- Lower Himalayas (Shivalik Ranges)

Ques4. How do the Himalayas protect us from the very cold winds?

Ans4. The Himalayas protect us from the very cold winds blowing from the North by acting as a barrier.

Ques5. Write a short note presenting the special features of the following states or union territories.

(a) Jammu and Kashmir

The capital of Jammu and Kashmir is Srinagar and Jammu. The beauty of Jammu and Kashmir is well defined in history. Even the Great Mughals called it as "heaven on the earth".

(b) Tripura

Tripura is surrounded by Bangladesh from three sides. Agartala is the capital city. Rice and jute are the main crops. Bamboo is also grown here. It is used to make handicraft items.

(c) Sikkim and West Bengal

Sikkim is a small state located on high mountains and Deep River valleys. The people belong to three main tribes- Lepcha, Bhutiya and Nepali. Darjeeling in West Bengal is a popular hill station. It has many tea garden, which produce tea of good quality.

(d) Arunachal Pradesh

Arunachal Pradesh is the largest state in the northeast. It, however, has a small population. Itanagar is the capital city.

(e) Assam and Uttarakhand

River Brahmaputra has made Assam very Fertile. Rice and jute are the main crops. Uttarakhand incorporates the Garhwal and Kumaon hills. Farming is the main economic activity of this place.