

# EXERCISES



## A. Choose the correct answer.

- The body covering of an animal helps it to  
(a) prepare its food  
(b) move  
(c) live in a particular habitat ✓  
(d) hibernate
- The breathing organs of amphibians are  
(a) lungs  
(b) gills  
(c) body surface  
(d) all of these ✓
- Frogs and lizards catch their preys by using their  
(a) forelimbs  
(b) sucking tubes  
(c) sharp teeth  
(d) sticky tongues ✓
- Insects like lice, bugs, termites move by  
(a) hopping  
(b) walking  
(c) crawling ✓  
(d) flying
- Snakes move through  
(a) limbs  
(b) scales or plates ✓  
(c) fins  
(d) claws
- Plant and flesh eating animals are called  
(a) herbivores  
(b) omnivores ✓  
(c) carnivores  
(d) scavengers
- An animal or bird that does not migrate, is  
(a) Polar bear ✓  
(b) Siberian crane  
(c) salmon  
(d) locusts

**B. Unscramble the organs of breathing of the following animals.**

1. Fish

L S I L G

G I L L S

2. Amoeba

O B Y D F R E C U S A

B O D Y S U R F A C E

3. Man

N S U G L

L U N G S

4. Insects

I S R A P S C E L

S P I R A C L E S

**C. Fill in the blanks.**

1. The process of burning of food with the help of oxygen inside the body is called respiration.

2. Butterflies and bees suck nectar from flowers with the help of proboscis.

3. Turtles and tortoise use their paddle-like limbs to push water.

4. The Arctic tern is a migratory bird that makes longest migration.

D. Match the following column A with column B.

Column A

1. Snail and Turtle
2. Birds
3. Cow and deer
4. Emu and ostrich
5. Reptiles

Column B

- (a) flightless birds 4
- (b) scales on the body 5
- (c) protection by shells 1
- (d) breathing through lungs 2
- (e) herbivores 3